

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Kansas



MAY 21, 2018

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

SUMMARY OF CURRENT KANSAS ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

In Kansas, the unemployment rate was 3.4 percent in April, and total payroll employment grew 1.4 percent compared to the previous year. Employment growth was broad-based across industries, with the strongest gains in the transportation and warehousing and professional and business services sectors. Kansas nominal personal income grew 1.9 percent in the fourth quarter of 2017 compared to the previous year, with workplace earnings up 1.5 percent. Home prices increased 3.5 percent in the fourth quarter of 2017 compared to a year ago, while single-family and multifamily permits recorded a -15.1 and -10.5 percent change, respectively, year-to-date through March 2018. In February 2018, crude oil production was down 4.3 percent over last year. Kansas exports were 1.1 percent higher in the first quarter of 2018 compared to the same period in 2017.

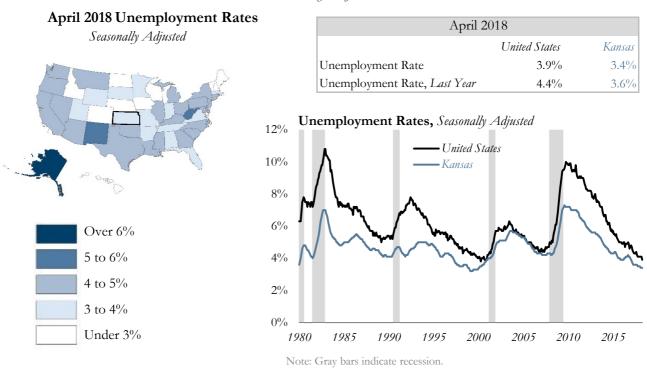
This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include: employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



Jason Brown is an Assistant Vice President, Economist, and Regional Executive at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. In this role, Brown is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist in Kansas and Missouri. He is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in these states and the Tenth District.

Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted

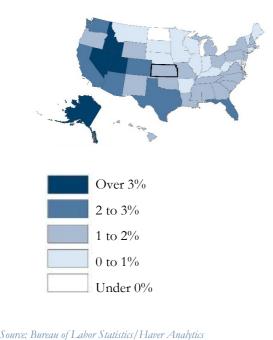


Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

April 2018 Payroll Employment

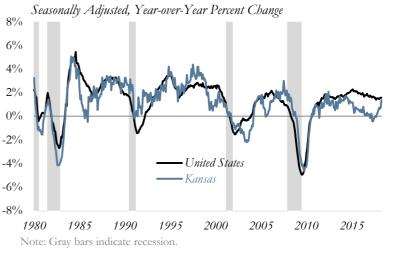
Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



www.KansasCityFed.org

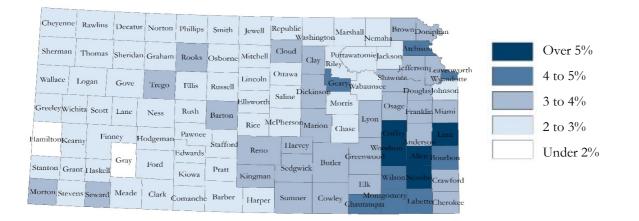
Apr	il 2018	
	United States	Kansas
Jobs (Thousands)	148,424.0	1,417.8
Change from Last Year	1.6%	1.4%

Payroll Employment



March 2018 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Seasonally Adjusted



		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
	United States	4.1%	161,763.0	23	Cloud	3.6	3.8
	Kansas	3.4	1,475.2	24	Doniphan	3.5	4.3
1	Allen	6.6	6.4	25	Osage	3.5	8.0
2	Woodson	5.7	1.6	26	Leavenworth	3.5	36.2
3	Linn	5.6	4.4	27	Franklin	3.5	14.2
4	Neosho	5.1	6.0	28	Sumner	3.4	10.7
5	Coffey	5.1	4.1	29	Miami	3.4	17.3
6	Geary	4.9	11.5	30	Trego	3.4	1.4
7	Wilson	4.9	4.0	31	Lyon	3.4	16.6
8	Chautauqua	4.8	1.4	32	Shawnee	3.4	90.7
9	Wyandotte	4.8	77.4	33	Greenwood	3.4	3.1
10	Atchison	4.6	6.9	34	Rooks	3.3	2.5
11	Montgomery	4.6	14.6	35	Morton	3.3	1.2
12	Bourbon	4.5	6.7	36	Elk	3.2	1.2
13	Labette	4.1	10.2	37	Kingman	3.2	3.4
14	Crawford	4.0	19.0	38	Douglas	3.2	65.1
15	Sedgwick	3.9	242.4	39	Marion	3.2	6.4
16	Anderson	3.8	4.0	40	Seward	3.2	9.6
17	Dickinson	3.8	9.2	41	Clay	3.2	3.8
18	Reno	3.7	29.8	42	Brown	3.1	5.3
19	Harvey	3.6	16.9	43	Barton	3.1	14.0
20	Butler	3.6	31.5	44	Jefferson	3.1	10.1
21	Cherokee	3.6	10.3	45	Sherman	3.0	2.8
22	Cowley	3.6	16.9	46	Saline	3.0	30.5

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

Kansas *Economic Databook*

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT

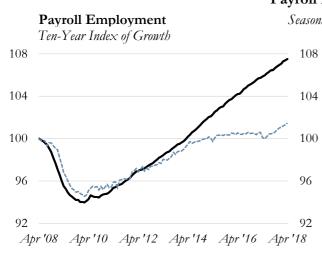
		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
47	Jackson	3.0	7.2	77	Washington	2.5	2.9
48	Osborne	2.9	2.0	78	Chase	2.5	1.4
49	Wabaunsee	2.9	3.6	79	Phillips	2.5	2.8
50	Harper	2.9	2.6	80	Graham	2.5	1.1
51	Lincoln	2.9	1.7	81	Smith	2.5	2.0
52	Rice	2.9	5.3	82	Ford	2.5	17.5
53	Grant	2.9	3.4	83	Comanche	2.5	0.9
54	Johnson	2.8	334.4	84	Kearny	2.5	2.0
55	Riley	2.8	35.1	85	Sheridan	2.5	1.3
56	Pawnee	2.8	3.0	86	Rawlins	2.4	1.4
57	Stanton	2.8	1.0	87	Ellis	2.4	16.8
58	Ottawa	2.8	3.0	88	Clark	2.4	1.1
59	Decatur	2.8	1.2	89	Edwards	2.4	1.5
60	Ellsworth	2.7	2.5	90	Logan	2.4	1.7
61	Pottawatomie	2.7	12.1	91	Wichita	2.3	1.1
62	Pratt	2.7	4.8	92	Jewell	2.3	1.3
63	Lane	2.7	0.8	93	Mitchell	2.3	3.4
64	Stevens	2.6	2.5	94	Nemaha	2.3	5.5
65	Marshall	2.6	5.4	95	Kiowa	2.2	1.3
66	McPherson	2.6	16.3	96	Gove	2.2	1.4
67	Russell	2.6	3.5	97	Wallace	2.2	0.9
68	Ness	2.6	1.3	98	Cheyenne	2.2	1.3
69	Stafford	2.6	2.0	99	Norton	2.1	2.8
70	Rush	2.6	1.6	100	Greeley	2.1	0.9
71	Republic	2.6	2.4	101	Scott	2.1	2.8
72	Hodgeman	2.6	1.0	102	Haskell	2.1	2.2
73	Thomas	2.6	4.2	103	Meade	2.1	2.3
74	Morris	2.6	3.0	104	Hamilton	2.0	1.6
75	Finney	2.6	20.2	105	Gray	1.9	3.4
76	Barber	2.6	2.4				

March 2018 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

KANSAS *Economic Databook*

SELECTED EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

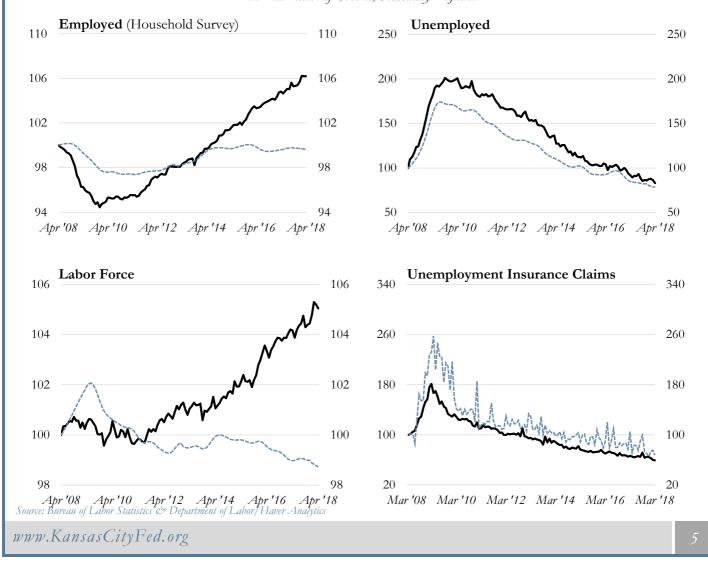


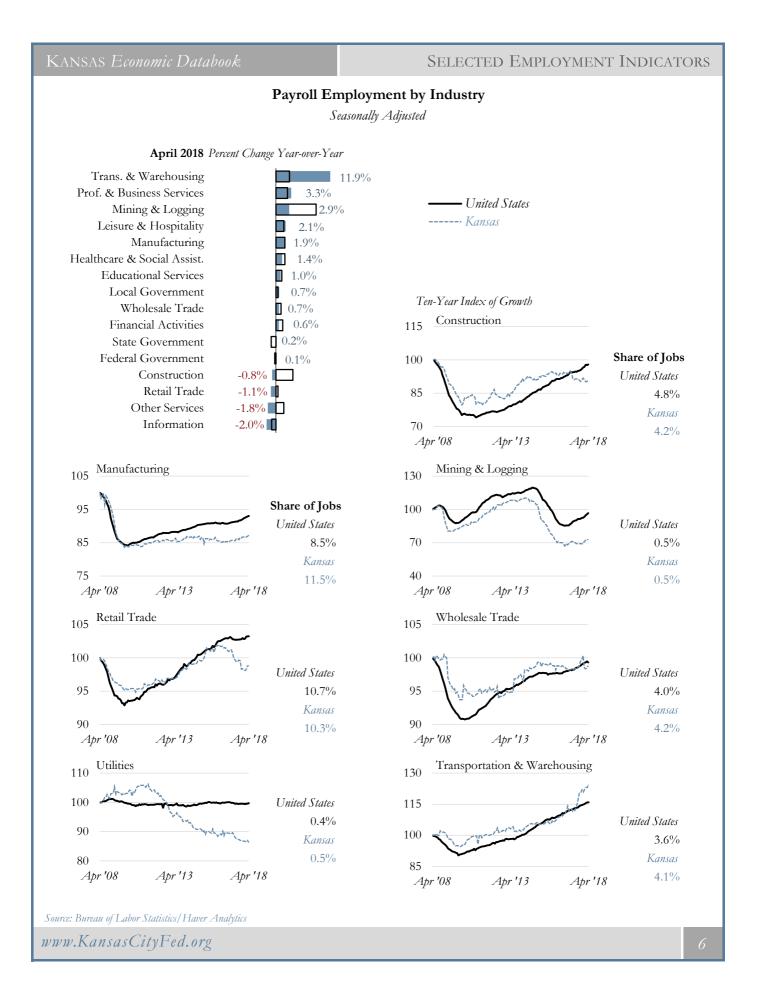
Payroll Employment

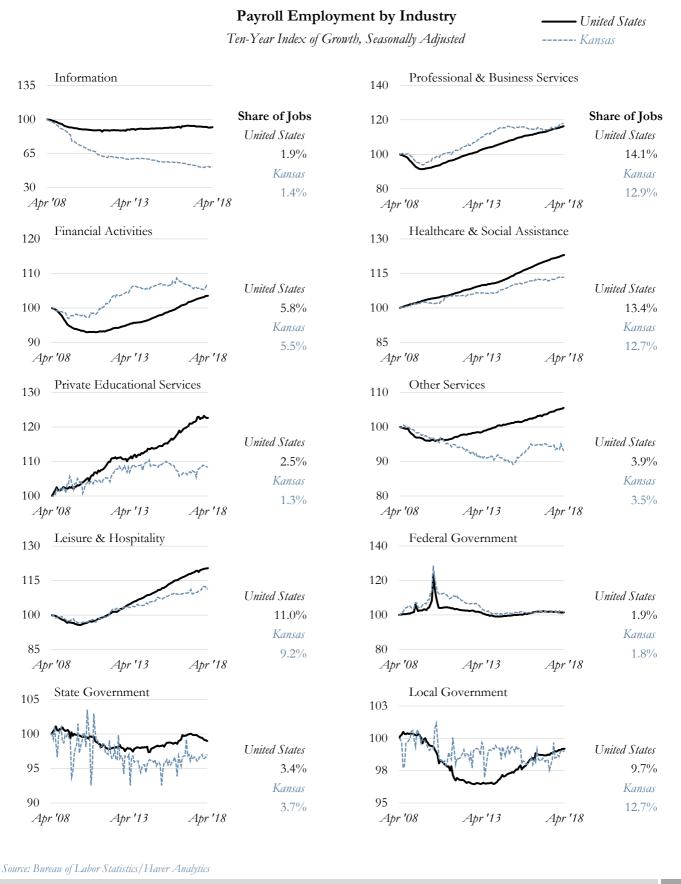
Seasonally Adjusted

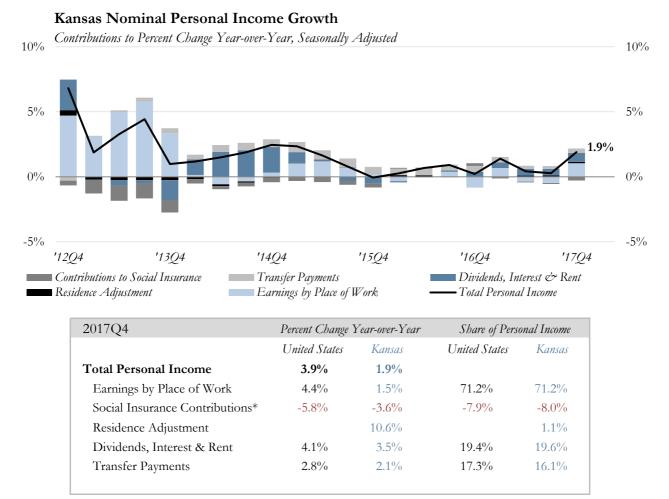
United States		
Apri	il 2018	
	United States	Kansas
Jobs (Thousands)	148,424.0	1,417.8
Change from Last Year	2,280.0	19.1
(Thousands)		
Share of U.S. Employm	ient	1.0%

Labor Force Dynamics Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

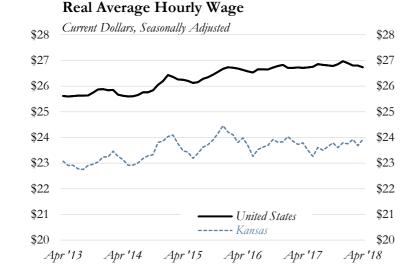








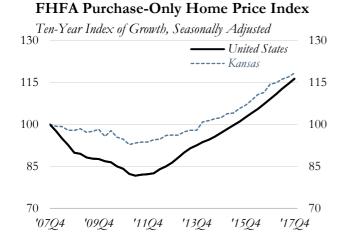
*Subtracted from personal income.



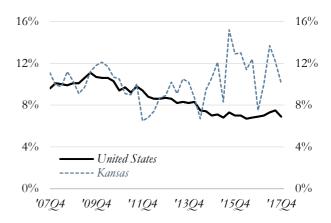
April 2018			
Average	United States	Kansas	
Hourly Wage \$26.73		\$23.92	
Real Change fron Last Month Last Year	" −0.2% 0.1%	1.0% 0.6%	

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

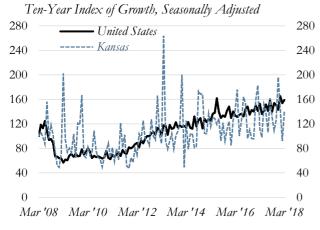
KANSAS Economic Databook



Rental Vacancy Rates

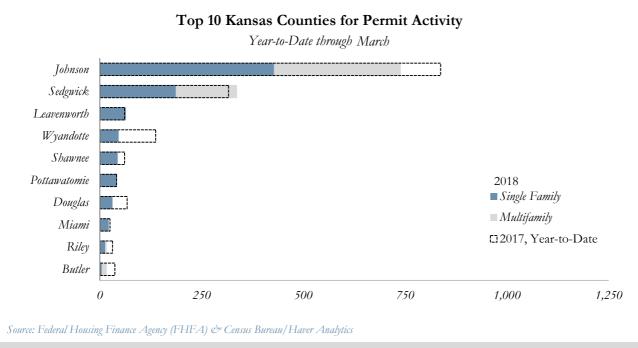


Housing Permits



Summary	Statistics	
	United States	Kansas
Prices (2017Q4)*	6.7%	3.5%
Vacancy Rates (2017Q4)	6.9%	10.1%
Permits (Year-to-Date)*		
Single Family	6.0%	-15.1%
Multifamily	8.5%	-10.5%

*Percent change year-over-year.

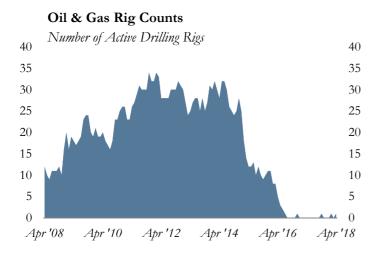


www.KansasCityFed.org

9

Selected Housing Indicators

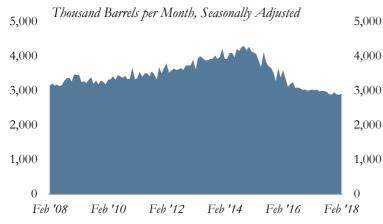
KANSAS *Economic Databook*



Kansas Energy Activity

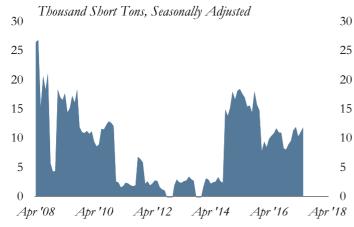
	April 2018	
	United States	Kansas
Rig Count	1,011	1
Change from		
Last Month	u 22	1
Last Year	158	1

Crude Oil Production



Fe	bruary 2018	
	United States	Kansas
Production	308,318	2,903
Change from		
Last Month	1.1%	1.0%
Last Year	13.2%	-4.3%
Share of U.S.		0.9%

Coal Production



	United States	Kansas
Production	65,703	(
Change from		
Last Month	-3.3%	N/A
Last Year	1.4%	N/A

Source: Baker Hughes & Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration/Haver Analytics

www.KansasCityFed.org

SELECTED TRADE INDICATORS

Kansas

0.9%

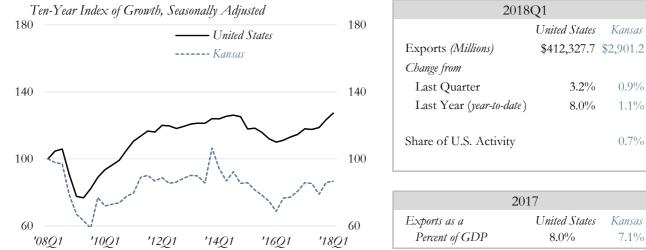
1.1%

0.7%

Kansas

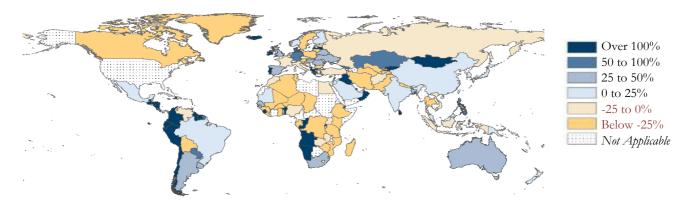
7.1%

Global Exports



Kansas Exports Year-to-Date through 2018Q1

Percent Change Year-over-Year



Тор	Markets	Share
1	Mexico	17.5%
2	Canada	16.1
3	China*	9.8
4	Japan	8.2
5	Germany	5.2
6	United Kingdom	4.6
7	Singapore	3.0
8	South Korea	2.9
9	France	2.6
10	Brazil	2.1

Тор	Exports	Share
1	Transportation Equip.	24.7%
2	Food	21.7
3	Agriculture & Livestock	13.0
4	Machinery (Except Electrical)	8.8
5	Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals	7.7
6	Computers & Electronics	6.3
7	Special Class Provisions	4.2
8	Plastics & Rubber Products	2.8
9	Electronic Equip. & Appliances	2.8
10	Fabricated Metal Products	2.4

*China includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Page 2 and 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf

Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised, and therefore, may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: The active rig count is the number of rigs actively exploring for or developing oil or natural gas. Rig counts provide an indicator of new drilling activity and potential for expanded crude oil or natural gas production. Coal production is shown as production during a given month.

Page 11: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

Regional Economic Analysis

Sign up to receive *The Kansas Economic Databook* and other publications each month via email using the link below: http://nnnw.kansascityfed.org/ealert/

Additional Resources Available

- Agricultural Surveys
- Manufacturing Survey

• Regional Economic Analysis

- Energy Survey
- Economic Research
 - Educational Tools

• Banker Resources

Economic Indicators

• Speeches

Visit: www.KansasCityFed.org



www.kansascityfed.org